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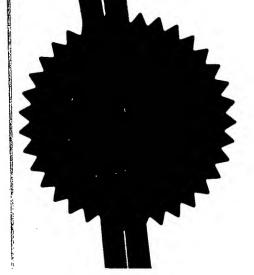
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THE PATENT OFFICE A

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0125070.3 2. Patent Application Number The Mead Corporation 3. Full name, address and postcode of the or of Courthouse Plaza NE each applicant Dayton Ohio 45463 United States of America Patents ADP Number 772095006 Ohio, USA If the applicant is a corporate body, give the country/state of its incorporation Carton with Handle and Blank Thereof 4. Title of the invention Hepworth Lawrence Bryer & Bizley 5. Name of your agent Bloxam Court "Address for Service" in the United Kingdom Corporation Street to which all correspondence should be sent Rugby Warwickshire CV21 2DU 5608575007 Patents ADP number Date of Filing Priority Application Number 6. If you are declaring priority from one or Country more earlier patent applications, give the country and the date of filing of the or of each of these earlier applications and the or each application number

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#### CARTON WITH HANDLE AND BLANK THEREOF

This invention relates to a carton which is particularly but not only suitable for accommodating beverage containers such as cans and which incorporates a "strap-type" carrying handle which is automatically set up into a position of use as the carton is being closed after having been loaded.

Beverage cartons, which include carrying handles and indeed, strap type carrying handles are known. For example, US 4,166,570 (Lazerand et al) discloses a packaging carton for beverage cans with a strap type handle. The handle strap has a central user portion exposed to view in a handle access aperture in top wall of the carton, extends across the top wall and has opposite ends which terminate in respective ones of a pair of end closure flaps which are hinged to the top wall. The handle strap is reinforced by a separate strip of reinforcing material, for example, a fibrous tape.

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Lifting a carton and its contents by a strap handle causes the weight of the package to be concentrated at the handle and certain areas of the panels to which the handle is attached. The concentration of weight produces stress that can cause deformation and failure of the handle and various carton panels.

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A further problem with known strap handles is that once it is in a set up condition, the nature of paperboard will tend to make the strap return to its original position, which is undesirable.

The present invention seeks to overcome or at least mitigate the problems of the prior art.

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One aspect of the invention provides a carton for holding a plurality of articles which carton comprises a series of hinged wall panels forming a sleeve including a top panel and opposed side panels hingedly connected to the top panel and a continuous strap handle formed from the carton and transversely extending entirely across the top panel and one of the side panels, the strap is so connected at its opposite ends as to provide a surplus of material to enable a user part of the handle to be brought into a position of use.

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Preferably there further comprises a web is provided to interconnect the strap handle to one of the top or side panels.

According to an optional feature of this aspect of the invention the strap handle is defined by first and second pairs of juxtaposed cuts, the cuts of the first pair are disposed entirely across the top panel and extend into one of the side panels, the cuts of the second pair are disposed in the one side panel and extend from positions at a lateral space respectively from the cuts of the first pair to the adjacent side edge of the bottom panel. Optionally, a pair of juxtaposed fold lines extends between each cut of the first pair and the adjacent cut of the second pair to define a web there between for interconnecting the handle and the one side panel.

In one class of embodiments, the strap handle extends into the bottom panel. Preferably, the end of the strap handle adjacent to the base panel includes a portioned positioned between two adjacent articles in the carton to retain the handle in a position of use and/or to restrict relative movement between adjacent articles.

A second aspect of the invention provides a blank for forming a carton for holding articles which blank includes in series hinged wall panels for forming a sleeve including a top panel and opposed side panels hingedly connected to the top panel and a continuous strap handle formed from the blank and transversely extending entirely across the top panel and one of the side panels, the strap is so connected at its opposite ends as to provide a surplus of material to enable a user part of the handle to be brought into a position of use in a set up condition. Preferably there further comprises a web is provided to interconnect the strap handle to one of the top or side panels.

According to an optional feature of the second aspect of the invention the strap handle is defined by first and second pairs of juxtaposed cuts, the cuts of the first pair are disposed entirely across the top panel and extend into one of the side panels, the cuts of the second pair are disposed in the one side panel and extend from positions at a lateral space respectively from the cuts of the first pair to the adjacent side edge of the bottom panel.

Optionally, a pair of juxtaposed fold lines extends between each cut of the first pair and the adjacent cut of the second pair to define a web there between for interconnecting the handle and the one side panel.

- In one class of embodiments, the strap handle extends into the bottom panel. Preferably, the end of the strap handle adjacent to the base panel includes a portioned positioned between two adjacent articles in the carton to retain the handle in a position of use and/or to restrict relative movement between adjacent articles.
- Exemplary embodiments of the invention will now be described, by way of example only, with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:
  - FIGURE 1 is a plan view of a blank of a wraparound carton incorporating one aspect of the invention;
  - FIGURE 2 is a perspective view of the carton in a set up condition formed from the blank of Figure 1;
- FIGURE 3 is a perspective view of the carton shown in Figure 2 with the handle in a position 20 of use;
  - FIGURE 4 is a perspective view from below of the carton in Figure 3 showing the handle portion;
- 25 FIGURE 5 is a plan view of a blank according to a second embodiment of the invention;
  - FIGURE 6 is a perspective view of the carton in a set up condition formed from the blank of Figure 5.
- Figure 7 is a perspective view of the carton shown in Figure 6 with the handle in a position of use;

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Figure 8 is a plan view of a blank according to a third embodiment of the invention;

Figure 9 is a perspective view of the carton in a set up condition formed from the blank of Figure 8; and

Figure 10 is a perspective view of the carton shown in Figure 9 with the handle in a position of use.

Referring to the drawings and in particular Figures 1 and 2 thereof, a carton is formed from a unitary blank 10 made from paper board or other suitable foldable sheet material, which can be adapted to accommodate the variety of articles, for example six bottles arranged in two rows of three bottles each. It is envisaged the carton can be adapted to accommodate a different number of bottles according to user requirements.

Turning to the carton blank 10 of the first embodiment illustrated in Figure 1, this blank includes panels for forming a top, a base and opposed sides. The blank is arranged so that there comprises a first base panel 12, first side wall panel 14, top panel 16, side wall panel 17, and second base panel 20 hingedly connected one to the next in a series along fold lines 22, 24, 26 and 28 respectively.

There may further comprise one or more article engaging structures 30 for engaging an article. Preferably, there comprises a pair of oppositely disposed flaps 32, 34 hingedly connected to first side panel 14 or second side panel 16 along fold lines 32 and 38 respectively. Preferably, fold lines 32 and 34 are convergent in an upward direction. A cut line 40 separates adjacent flaps 32, 34.

The lower edges of flaps 32, 34 define an edge of a tightening aperture 42. For tightening the carton around a group of articles, tightening apertures 42 is formed in base panel 12 while similar tightening apertures 42 are formed in second base panel 20. With the carton disposed about a group of articles and with the base panels 12 and 20 disposed in an overlapping

relationship, machine elements enter the tightening apertures 42 and move towards the other, so as to tighten the carton about the group of articles as is well known. After the carton is tightened, it is locked by means of locking tabs 90 which are driven through the apertures and defined by retaining tabs 92 respectively. The configurations of locking tabs and retaining tabs 90, 92 are well known and the locking operation is well understood.

In one class of embodiments, a stabilizing (or bottle neck spacer) flap 96 shown in Figure 1 is struck from the blank in the top panel 16 so that the flap 96 is hinged to top panel but otherwise cut out from the blank.

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The blank of Figure 1 further comprises a Handle H having a central user portion 68, frangibly connected to the top panel 16. In this embodiment, the central user portion 68 extends across the top panel 16 and into the first and second side panels 14, 18.

- The central user portion 68 is separated from the top panel by opposed cut lines 78 and 80. Preferably, there further comprises one or more apertures 82 and 84 positioned along each longitudinal edge of central user portion 68 to make it easier for a user to grip the central user portion.
- The handle H extends into first side wall panel 14 and is defined, at least in part, by side handle panel 58. Side handle panel 58 is separated from side wall panel 14 by opposed cut lines 64, 66. There may further comprise one or more intermediate panels 71 for connecting the side handle panel 70 to the central user portion 68. In Figure 1 intermediate panel 71 is hingedly connected to side handle panel along fold line 70 and to central user portion along fold line 24.

Preferably, the handle H extends into base wall panel 12 and is hingedly connected thereto. In the embodiment of Figure 1, the handle H further comprises a base handle panel 15 struck from and hingedly connected to base wall panels 12 along fold line 13. Base handle panel 15 is hingedly connected to side handle panel 58 along an extension of fold line 22. In use, the

handle H will pivot inwardly along fold line 13, described in more detail below, so as to raise the central user portion 68 above the top wall panel 16 and into a position of use.

In one class of embodiments, the handle H is hinged to one of the side or top panels 14, 16 intermediate the ends of the handle, by means of a web structure. In this embodiment, the web structure is provided by a first web panel 72a hingedly interconnecting the side handle panel 58 and side wall panel 14 along fold lines 74a and 76a. There may further comprise a second web panel 72b hingedly interconnecting the opposing edge of side handle panel 58 and side wall panel 14 along fold lines 74b and 76b. The web structures restrict the degree of movement of the handle so improving the structural integrity of the handle whilst retaining a degree of flexibility. The web panel also helps to dissipate the stresses from handling the package.

It is envisaged that the web structure is not limited to the embodiment described in the preceding paragraph. Indeed it is envisaged that the web structure can be arranged so as to hinge the handle to the top panel without departing from the scope of invention.

As the web structure connects the side wall panel 14 to the side handle panel 58 there comprises two pairs of cut lines 64, 66 and 63, 65 defining the side handle panel 58, separated by the web panels 72a and 72b respectively.

In order to provide a stronger handle structure, it is preferable for the handle to widen towards the end of the structure and to this end, the cut lines 64, 66 and 63, 65 of the side handle panel 58 diverge.

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A further preferred feature is to provide one or more article retention structures within the handle H which perform two purposes: (i) to reduce movement between adjacent articles, thereby to improve the rigidity of the package; and (ii) to maintain the handle H in a set up condition after it has been placed in a position of use.

In the embodiment of Figure 1, there are two article retention structures 46. Each article retention structure is identical and therefore only one of them will now be described. The retention structure comprises a pair of article receiving flaps 48 and 50 struck from and hingedly connected to side wall panel 14 along fold lines 52 and 54. A cut line 56 separates the article receiving flaps 48 and 50. In some embodiments there may further comprise tightening apertures 44a and 44b which function in like manner to apertures 42, described above. Fold lines 52 and 54 are arranged to provide an interference type fit with an article that is retained.

As the or each article retention structure 46 is positioned intermediate the opposed cut lines forming the handle H, there further comprises one or more base handle panels 15a and 15b, struck from base panel 12 and hingedly interconnected to along fold lines 13a and 13b respectively. In use, they function in identical manner to base handle panel 15 described above.

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The handle H may extend into the second side wall panel 16 in like manner as the first side wall panel 14, by providing one or more of a side handle panel, a web structure, a base handle panel or an article retention structure. However, in the embodiment of Figure 1, the central user portion 68 tab extends into second side wall panel 18 by extending cut lines 78 and 80 into second side wall panel. Preferably the cut lines defining the ends of the handle diverge outwardly designated by reference 86 and 88, so as to dissipate the stresses associated with lifting the handle panel and reduce the risk of tearing the second side wall panel 18.

- An additional handle strap (not shown) can be applied to the inner surface of the blank 10, being secured to the central user portion 68 by glue or other means known in the art. It is further preferred the handle strap is formed from paper board, laminated paper board, fibrous tape or other suitable plastics material.
- Turning to the construction of the carton, illustrated in Figures 2, 3 and 4, the blank requires a series of sequential folding and, optionally, gluing operations which can be performed in a

straight line machine so that the carton is not required to be rotated or inverted to complete its construction. The folding process is not limited to that described below and can be altered according to particular manufacturing requirements.

Thus, articles are held together in an array, for example two rows of four articles A and the carton blank is introduced to the articles A. In this embodiment the blank 10 is introduced from above. The side panels 14, 18 of the blank are then folded about fold lines 24 and 26 respectively such that side panels are folded downwardly with respect to top panel 16.

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The article engaging flaps 30 are also formed by folding outwardly to define receiving apertures as is well known, and base panels 12 and 20 are folded out of alignment with side panels 14 and 18. The side panels and base are brought into contact with the respective articles A, such that the lower portion of articles A protrude through apertures formed from the engaging flaps 30 and are held in position thereto shown in Figure 3.

Thereafter, base panels 12 and 34 are brought into overlapping relationship and connected together by glue or by the locking means as hereinbefore described. Thus, the carton is in a set up and loaded condition as shown in Figure 2.

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In order to form the handle H, reference is made to Figures 3 and 4. The central user portion 68 is detached from the top panel 16 along cut lines 78,80, by an end user so that at least a portion of the handle H stands proud of the top panel, shown in Figure 3. When the central user portion 68 is raised, the side handle panel 58 is folded inwardly. Thus, if the handle panel terminates at the bottom of side wall panel 14, it is folded inwardly along the fold line connecting the side wall panel and the base wall panel. In those embodiments with a web structure, the web panels 72a, 72b are folded inwardly along fold lines 74a, 76a; 74b, 76b.

By causing the web panel 72 and outer handle panel 58 to fold inwardly, it provides a surplus of material to enable the central user portion 68 to be placed in a position of use, similar to that shown in Figure 3. In the preferred embodiment of Figure 1, the handle structure H

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extends into base wall panel 12 by base handle panels 15, 15a and 15b, so the handle is folded inwardly along fold lines 13, 13a and 13b respectively. This action causes the base handle panels 15, 15a, 15b to be folded upwardly and inwardly and side handle panel 5 to be displaced inwardly with respect to side wall panel 14. Likewise, intermediate panel 71 is folded out of a collinear arrangement with outer end panel 58 along fold line 70 so as to assist imparting a degree of curvature to the handle panel once it is in a position of use.

In those embodiments with one or more article retention structures, panel 46, as the side end panel 58 is displaced inwardly, the article engaging flaps 48 and 50 are caused to be folded outwardly along fold lines 52 and 54, as shown in Figures 3 and 4. It will be seen from Figure 4 that base handle panels 15, 15a and 15b are sized and shaped to be placed intermediate a bottom portion of the articles so as to provide an interference type fit. Furthermore, the edge of the apertures formed by engaging flaps 48 and 50 are shaped to engage a lower portion of the article so that the side handle panel 58 is restricted from any outward movement once displaced inwardly.

By connecting the side handle panel 58 to the side wall panel 14 by the web panel 72, the upward movement of the handle will cause the web panels to be folded into a proximate face to face arrangement with side wall panel 14, shown in Figure 4. This, in turn, pulls the side wall panel 14 inwardly towards the article thereby preventing or at least restricting the web panel 72 from being folded back to its original position. Thus, the handle H is maintained in a set up condition, shown in Figures 3 and 4 by the web structure and, separately, the engagement of the article with the side handle panel 58 and/or the base handle panels 15.

Turning to the second embodiment of the invention, shown in Figures 5, 6 and 7, the blank and carton are designed for a plurality of articles arranged in two tiers of articles A1, A2. Therefore the side wall structures and handle structure is altered accordingly. The second embodiment is similar to the first embodiment and therefore like parts are designated by the same reference numeral but with the prefix 'l'. Therefore, only the differences will now be described.

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It will be seen from Figure 5 that side wall panel 114 comprises upper and lower side wall panels 115 and 117 hingedly connected together along fold line 119. In this embodiment, the side handle panel 158 is formed in the lower side panel 115, but it could be formed in the upper side panel 117, without departing from the scope of invention. In order to connect the side handle panel 158 to the central user portion 168, there further comprises a second intermediate panel 159 hingedly connected to side handle panel 158 along an extension of fold line 119 and to first intermediate panel 171 along fold line 170. The web structures are formed in lower side wall panel 115, although they could of course be positioned in upper side wall panel 117 or indeed in the top panel 116, without departing from the scope of the invention.

The second embodiment is constructed in identical manner to the first embodiment shown in Figures 6 and 7 and likewise the handle structure H too is formed in a like manner so will not be described in any greater detail.

Turning to the third embodiment shown in Figures 8, 9 and 10, the carton is constructed to receive two tiers of articles A3, A4 each tier having a row arranged in a two by three formation. Again, the general structure of the carton and the handle is very similar to the first and second embodiments with like references being used, but this time with the prefix '2'. Again only differences with respect to the second embodiment will now be described.

In this embodiment, there comprises a single article retention structure 246 formed from outer handle panel 258.

The article retention structure 246 is identical to that described in the first embodiment and comprises a pair of article engaging flaps 248 and 250. In this embodiment, the base handle panel 215 is struck from one side of the article retention structure and there further comprises a second base handle panel 215a struck from the base wall panel 212 along the opposing side of the article retention structure 246. As this is a two tier structure, there also comprises a second intermediate panel 259 hingedly interconnecting outer handle panel 258 and 271 along fold lines 219 and 270 respectively.

The third embodiment is constructed in a like manner to the first and second embodiments and therefore will not be described in any greater detail but is illustrated in Figures 9 and 10.

The invention and its preferred embodiments provide a pack with a handle which can be moved from a flat collapsed position with respect to the top panel 216 to a position of use and is held in place by the handle structure. Beneficially, this makes it easier for a user to reuse the handle. The web structure and handle structure arrangement imparts a degree of flexibility in the handle so that the stresses created when handling the carton are dissipated across a larger area and absorbed in the side wall and base wall structures thereby to reduce the risk of unwanted tearing.

It will be recognised that as used herein, the terms "top", "bottom", "side", "upper", "lower", "inner", "outer" with respect to the panels of the carton are relative terms, and that the carton may be re-oriented as necessary or as desired. Any reference to hinged connections should not be construed as necessarily referring to a single fold line only; indeed it is envisaged that a hinged connection can be formed from a score line, a frangible line or one, two or more fold lines without departing from the scope of invention.

The present invention and its preferred embodiment relate to a package, which is shaped to provide satisfactory strength to hold articles securely but with a degree of flexibility so that load transfer to the handle is absorbed by the carton. The shape of the blank minimises the amount of paper board required and the carrier can be applied to an array of articles by hand or automatic machinery. It is anticipated that the invention can be applied to a variety of carrier and is not limited to the wrap around type. For example the handle arrangement H of the aforementioned carton can be applied to a top gripping carton or fully enclosed carton without departing from the scope of the invention.

#### CLAIMS

1. A carton for holding a plurality of articles which carton comprises a series of hinged wall panels forming a sleeve including a top panel and opposed side panels hingedly connected to the top panel and a continuous strap handle formed from the carton and transversely extending entirely across the top panel and one of the side panels, the strap is so connected at its opposite ends as to provide a surplus of material to enable a user part of the handle to be brought into a position of use.

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- 2. The carton as claimed in claim 1 wherein a web is provided to interconnect the strap handle to one of the top or side panels.
- 3. The carton as claimed in claim 1 wherein the strap handle is defined by first and second pairs of juxtaposed cuts, the cuts of the first pair are disposed entirely across the top panel and extend into one of the side panels, the cuts of the second pair are disposed in the one side panel and extend from positions at a lateral space respectively from the cuts of the first pair to the adjacent side edge of the bottom panel.
- 20 4. The carton as claimed in claim 3 wherein a pair of juxtaposed fold lines extends between each cut of the first pair and the adjacent cut of the second pair to define a web there between for interconnecting the handle and the one side panel.
- The carton as claimed in any preceding claim wherein the strap handle extends into
   the bottom panel.
  - 6. The carton as claimed in claim 5 wherein the end of the strap handle adjacent to the base panel includes a portioned positioned between two adjacent articles in the carton to retain the handle in a position of use and/or to restrict relative movement between adjacent articles.

- A blank for forming a carton for holding articles which blank includes in series hinged wall panels for forming a sleeve including a top panel and opposed side panels hingedly connected to the top panel and a continuous strap handle formed from the blank and transversely extending entirely across the top panel and one of the side panels, the strap is so connected at its opposite ends as to provide a surplus of material to enable a user part of the handle to be brought into a position of use in a set up condition.
- 8. The blank as claimed in claim 7 wherein a web is provided to interconnect the strap

  10 bandle to one of the top or side panels.
  - 9. The blank as claimed in claim 7 wherein the strap handle is defined by first and second pairs of juxtaposed cuts, the cuts of the first pair are disposed entirely across the top panel and extend into one of the side panels, the cuts of the second pair are disposed in the one side panel and extend from positions at a lateral space respectively from the cuts of the first pair to the adjacent side edge of the bottom panel.
  - 10. The blank as claimed in claim 9 wherein a pair of juxtaposed fold lines extends between each cut of the first pair and the adjacent cut of the second pair to define a web there between for interconnecting the handle and the one side panel.
    - 11. The blank as claimed in any of claims 7 to 10 wherein the strap handle extends into the bottom panel.
- 25 12. The blank as claimed in claim 11 wherein the end of the strap handle adjacent to the base panel includes a portioned positioned between two adjacent articles in the carton to retain the handle in a position of use and/or to restrict relative movement between adjacent articles.
- 30 13. A package comprising a carton as claimed in any of claims 1 to 6 and a plurality of articles arranged in an array.

- 14. A blank substantially as hereinbefore described by reference to or as illustrated Figures 1, 5, or 8.
- 5 15. A carton substantially as hereinbefore described by reference to or as illustrated Figures 2, 3, 4 or Figures 6, 7 or Figures 9, 10.

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## **ABSTRACT**

A carton and blank for forming a carton for holding a plurality of articles which carton comprises a series of hinged wall panels forming a sleeve including a top panel and opposed side panels hingedly connected to the top panel. There further comprises a continuous strap handle formed from the carton and transversely extending entirely across the top panel and one of the side panels. The strap is so connected at its opposite ends as to provide a surplus of material to enable a user part of the handle to be brought into a position of use.

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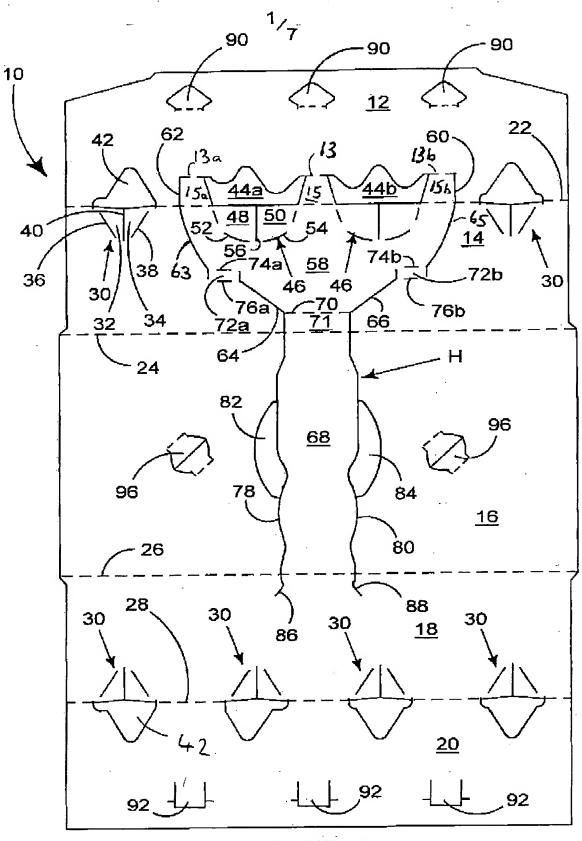


FIGURE 1

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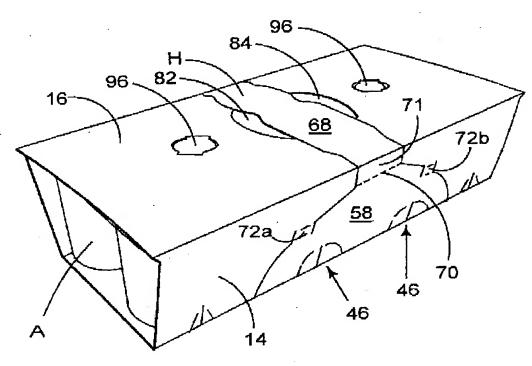
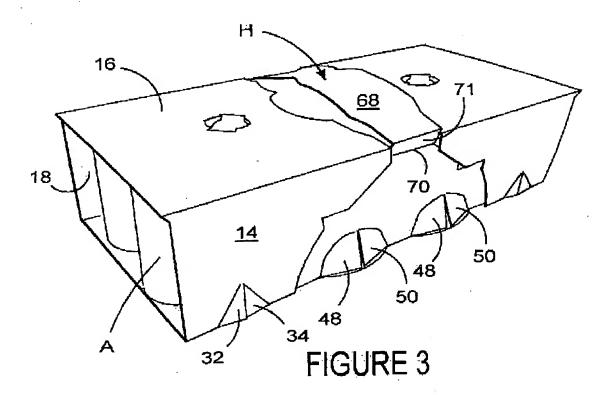
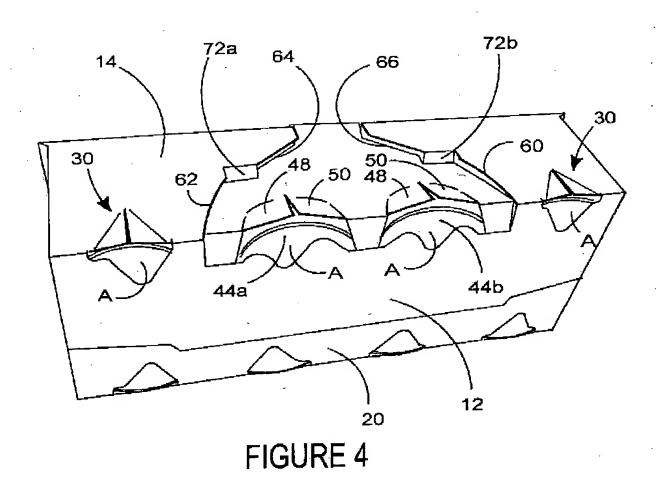


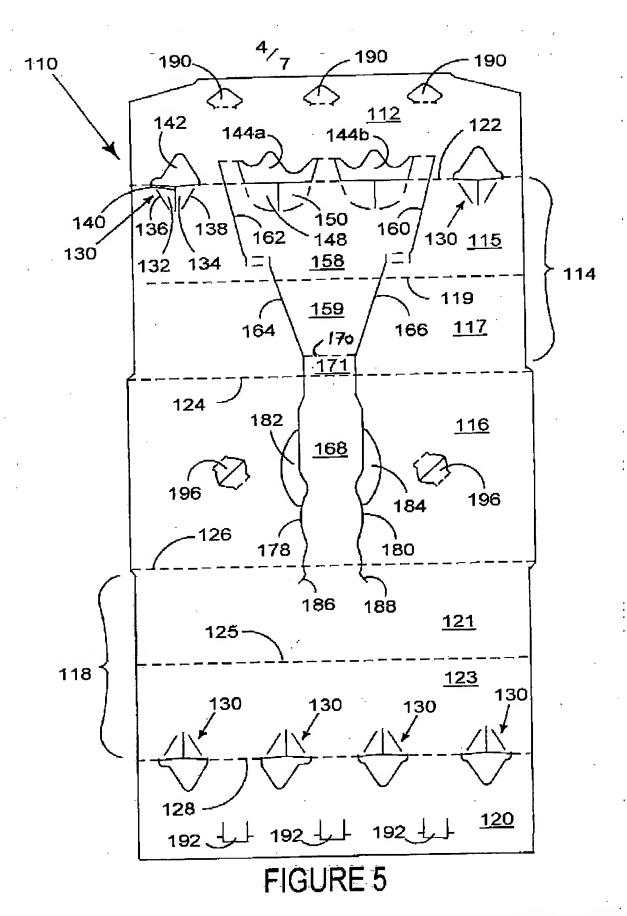
FIGURE 2



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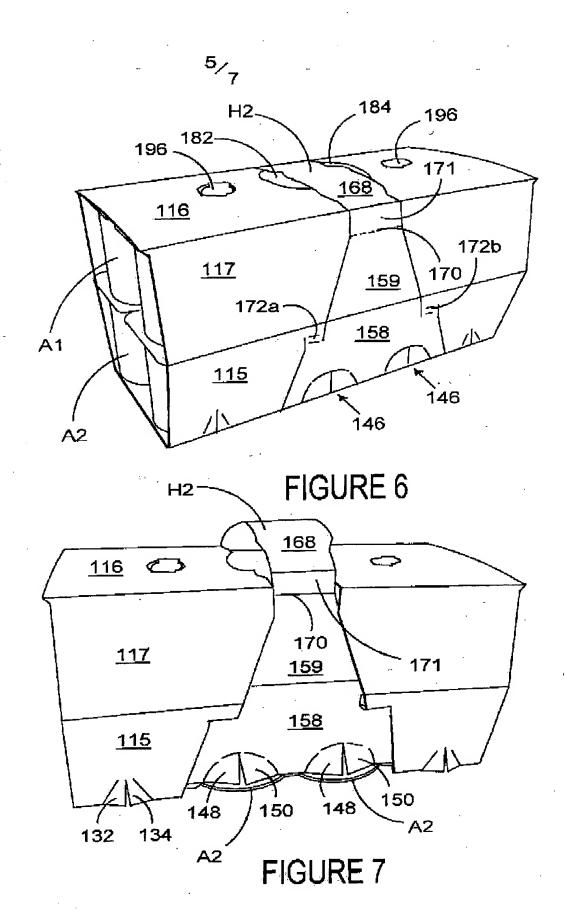


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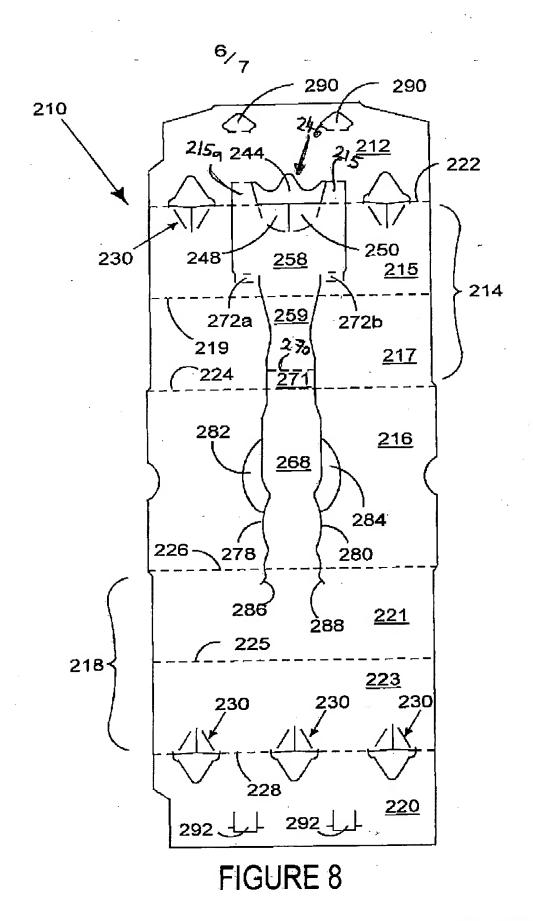


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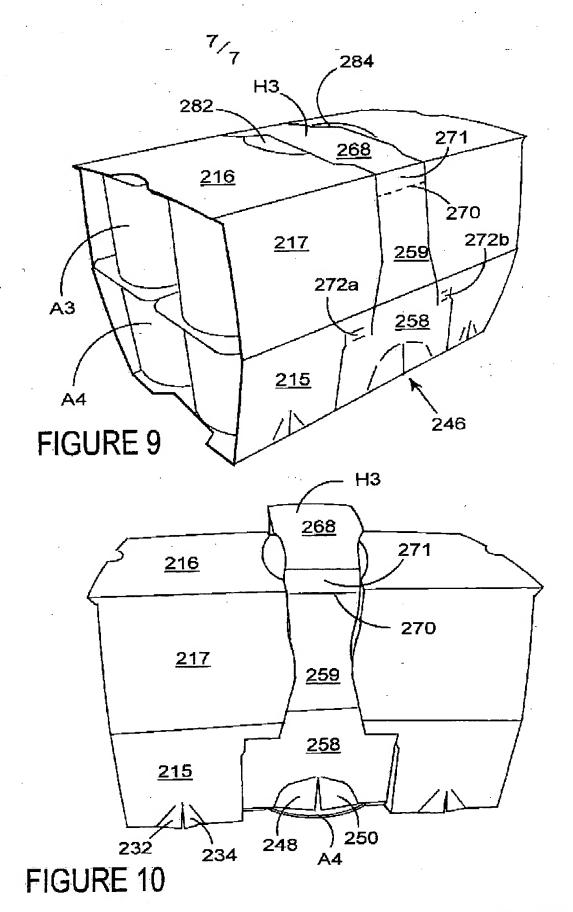


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